## 学位論文の要旨

三 重 大 学

三重大学大学院医学系研究科 所 属 甲 生命医科学専攻 臨床医学系講座 氏 名 LEI LIŪ 脳神経外科学分野

## 主論文の題名

Role of Periostin in Early Brain Injury After Subarachnoid Hemorrhage in Mice

## 主論文の要旨

This study first demonstrated that the expression of periostin was upregulated in cerebral cortex after experimental subarachnoid hemorrhage (SAH) and was responsible for early brain injury (EBI). Anti-periostin antibody effectively suppressed periostin expression in the capillary endothelial cells and prevented EBI as evaluated by neuroscore, brain edema and blood-brain barrier (BBB) permeability. The mechanisms studies showed that blockage of periostin expression effectively prevented post-SAH EBI by downregulating matrix metalloproteinase (MMP)-9 expression and preserving zona occludens (ZO)-1 expression associated with the inactivation of p38 and extracellular signal-related kinase (ERK)1/2. Meanwhile, we also found the interaction of periostin with tenascin-C (TNC), which is another mediator of BBB disruption after SAH. We speculated that periostin and TNC may form a positive feedback mechanism to aggravate BBB disruption and provide a new insight for the future research.