

学 位 論 文 の 要 旨

所 属	三重大学大学院医学系研究科 生命医科学専攻 ゲノム再生医学講座	氏 名	王 智鵬
<p>主論文の題名</p> <p>Zebrafish β-adrenergic receptor mRNA expression and control of pigmentation</p> <p>主論文の要旨</p> <p>Beta adrenergic receptors (β-ARs) are members of the G-protein-coupled receptor superfamily and mediate various physiological processes in many species. The expression patterns and functions of β-ARs in zebrafish are, however, largely unknown. We have identified zebrafish β-AR orthologs, which we have designated <i>adrb1</i>, <i>adrb2a</i>, <i>adrb2b</i>, <i>adrb3a</i> and <i>adrb3b</i>. <i>adrb1</i> was found to be expressed in the heart and brain. Expression of <i>adrb2a</i> predominated in the brain and skin, whereas <i>adrb2b</i> was found to be highly expressed in muscle, pancreas and liver. Both <i>adrb3a</i> and <i>adrb3b</i> were exclusively expressed in blood. Knock-down of these β-ARs by morpholino oligonucleotides revealed a functional importance of <i>adrb2a</i> in pigmentation. Expression of <i>atp5a1</i> and <i>atp5b</i>, genes that encode subunits of F1F0-ATPase, which is known to be involved in pigmentation, was significantly increased by knock-down of <i>adrb2a</i>. Our data suggest that <i>adrb2a</i> may regulate pigmentation, partly by modulating F1F0-ATPase.</p>			

(注) 2, 0 0 0 字以内にまとめて記入すること。